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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/812,327	03/29/2004	Paul James Broyles III	200313477-1	2718	
22879	7590 12/05/2005		EXAM	EXAMINER	
HEWLETT	PACKARD COMPA	CHERRY, STEPHEN J			
P O BOX 272	.400, 3404 E. HARMON	JY ROAD			
	UAL PROPERTY ADM		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
FORT COLL	INS, CO 80527-2400		2863		

DATE MAILED: 12/05/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)					
	10/812,327	BROYLES ET AL.	and				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit					
	Stephen J. Cherry	2863					
The MAILING DATE of this communication appeariod for Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence ad	dress				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).							
Status							
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 21 N	lovember 2001.						
,— ·	s action is non-final.						
,—	ondition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is						
,—	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims							
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-34</u> is/are pending in the application	1 .						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra							
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-34</u> is/are rejected.							
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.							
	8) Claim(s) are subjected to:						
Application Papers							
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.							
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>29 <i>March</i> 2004</u> is/are: a)⊠ accepted or b)□ objected to by the Examiner.							
Applicant may not request that any objection to the							
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).							
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.							
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 							
2. Certified copies of the priority documen	ts have been received in Applicati	on No					
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage							
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).							
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.							
Attachment(s)							
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary						
 Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08 Paper No(s)/Mail Date 	Paper No(s)/Mail Di 5) Notice of Informal F 6) Other:)-152)				

DETAILED ACTION

Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114

A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on 10-24-2005 has been entered.

Claim Objections

Claim 10 is objected to because of the following informalities:

1. Claim 10 recites, "The method of claim 1, further comprising data regarding temperature operating parameters". Method steps should define active steps, such as "accessing" or "storing" data regarding temperature.

Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 1-6, and 8-34 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by U.S. Patent 6,134,667 to Suzuki et al.

Claim 1 recites, as disclosed by Suzuki:

1. A method for cooling a storage device contained in a computer, the method comprising:

determining the temperature of the storage device ('667, col. 5, line 61); and

adjusting computer operation so as to reduce the temperature of the storage device if that temperature is deemed to be too high ('667, col. 5, line 60).

Claim 2 recites, as disclosed by Suzuki:

2. The method of claim 1, wherein determining the temperature of the storage device comprises measuring the temperature of the storage device using a temperature sensor provided in or on the storage device ('667, fig. 1, sensor a-c).

Claim 3 recites, as disclosed by Suzuki:

3. The method of claim 1, wherein measuring the temperature of the storage device comprises measuring the temperature of the storage device using a thermal diode of the storage device ('667, fig. 1, sensor a-c).

Claim 4 recites, as disclosed by Suzuki:

4. The method of claim 1, wherein adjusting computer operation so as to reduce the temperature of the storage device comprises increasing the speed of a fan contained within the computer ('667, col. 6, line 28).

Claim 5 recites, as disclosed by Suzuki:

5. The method of claim 1, wherein adjusting computer operation so as to reduce the temperature of the storage device comprises adjusting the operation of a processor contained within the computer ('667, fig. 9, CPU speed).

Claim 6 recites, as disclosed by Suzuki:

6. The method of claim 5, wherein adjusting the operation of a processor comprises reducing the clock speed of the processor ('667, fig. 9, CPU speed).

Claim 8 recites, as disclosed by Suzuki:

8. The method of claim 1, wherein adjusting computer operation so as to reduce the temperature of the storage device comprises shutting down the computer ('667, col. 3, line 66 and col. 8, line 11).

Claim 9 recites, as disclosed by Suzuki:

9. The method of claim 1, wherein adjusting computer operation so as to reduce the temperature of the storage device comprises first increasing the speed of a fan contained in the computer and, if the storage device is later determined to still be too hot, reducing one or both of a clock speed of and a voltage provided to a processor contained in the computer and, if

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the storage device is still later determined to be too hot, shutting down the computer ('667, fig. 11 and col. 10, line 52).

Claim 10 recites, as disclosed by Suzuki:

10. The method of claim 1, further comprising data regarding temperature operating parameters of the storage device and using that data to determine whether the storage device is or is not too hot ('667, fig. 7 and temperature).

Claim 11 recites, as disclosed by Suzuki:

11. A method for cooling a storage device contained in a computer, the method comprising:

periodically measuring the temperature of the storage device with a temperature sensor provided in or on the storage device ('667, col. 5, line 61); and

periodically providing temperature data including the measured temperature and temperature operating parameters for the storage device to a basic input/output system (BIOS) so that the BIOS can control operation of the computer in an effort to cool the storage device ('667, col. 5, line 60 and col. 5, line 26).

Claim 12 recites, as disclosed by Suzuki:

12. The method of claim 11, wherein periodically measuring the temperature of the storage device comprises measuring the temperature

of the storage device in response to commands received by a storage device driver stored in memory of the computer ('667, col. 5, line 59).

Claim 13 recites, as disclosed by Suzuki:

13 The method of claim 11, wherein periodically measuring the temperature of the storage device comprises measuring the temperature of the storage device using a thermal diode ('667, fig. 1, sensor a-c).

Claim 14 recites, as disclosed by Suzuki:

14. The method of claim 11, wherein periodically providing temperature data comprises providing the data to a storage device driver of the computer that provides the data to the BIOS ('667, fig. 1, sensor a-c).

Claim 15 recites, as disclosed by Suzuki:

15. The method of claim 11, wherein periodically providing temperature data comprises providing information regarding an ideal temperature operating range and a critical temperature to the BIOS ('667, fig. 7 and temperature).

Claim 16 recites, as disclosed by Suzuki:

16. A system for cooling a storage device in a computer, the system comprising:

means for measuring the temperature of the storage device, the means being directly associated with the storage device ('667, fig. 1, sensor a-c); means for sending the measured temperature ('667, fig. 1, ref. 16); and

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means for adjusting operation of the computer in relation to the measured temperature ('667, col. 5, line 60).

Claim 17 recites, as disclosed by Suzuki:

17. The system of claim 16, wherein the means for measuring comprise a temperature sensor provided in or on the storage device ('667, fig. 1, sensor a-c).

Claim 18 recites, as disclosed by Suzuki:

18. The system of claim 17, wherein the means for measuring comprise a thermal diode ('667, fig. 1, sensor a-c).

Claim 19 recites, as disclosed by Suzuki:

19. The system of claim 17, wherein the means for sending the measured temperature comprise a controller of the storage device ('667, fig. 1, ref.16).

Claim 20 recites, as disclosed by Suzuki:

20. The system of claim 17, wherein the means for adjusting operation of the computer comprise a basic input/output system (BIOS) ('667, col. 5, line 60 and col. 5, line 26).

Claim 21 recites, as disclosed by Suzuki:

21. The system of claim 20, wherein the BIOS is configured to increase the speed of a fan contained in the computer, reduce one or both of a clock speed of and a voltage provided to a processor contained in the

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computer, or shut down the computer if the storage device is too hot ('667, fig. 11 and col. 10, line 52).

Claim 22 recites, as disclosed by Suzuki:

22. A system stored on a computer-readable medium, the system comprising:

logic configured to read a temperature of a storage device ('667, fig. 1, ref. 16);

logic configured to command the logic configured to read a temperature to read that temperature ('667, fig. 1, 18); and

logic configured to receive the read temperature and to control operation of a computer relative to the read temperature ('667, col. 5, line 60).

Claim 23 recites, as disclosed by Suzuki:

23. The system of claim 22, wherein the logic configured to read a temperature is configured to reside in memory of the storage device ('667, col. 5, line 60 and col. 5, line 26).

Claim 24 recites, as disclosed by Suzuki:

24. The system of claim 22, wherein the logic configured to command the logic configured to read a temperature comprises a storage device driver ('667, col. 5, line 60 and col. 5, line 26).

Claim 25 recites, as disclosed by Suzuki:

25. The system of claim 22, wherein the logic configured to receive the read temperature and to control operation of a computer comprises a

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computer basic input/output system (BIOS) ('667, col. 5, line 60 and col. 5, line 26).

Claim 26 recites, as disclosed by Suzuki:

26. A thermal monitor, comprising: logic configured to command a storage device driver to periodically collect temperature data from a storage device ('667, col. 5, line 60); and logic configured to provide the collected temperature data to a computer basic input/output system (BIOS) to enable the BIOS to control operation of the computer in a manner so as to cool the storage device ('667, col. 5, line 60 and col. 5, line 26).

Claim 27 recites, as disclosed by Suzuki:

27. A computer basic input/output system (BIOS), comprising: logic configured to receive a temperature of a storage device measured by the storage device ('667, fig. 1, ref. 16); logic configured to compare the measured temperature with temperature operating parameters for the storage device ('667, fig. 7); and logic configured to control operation of a computer in which the storage device is provided in a manner that reduces the temperature of the storage device ('667, col. 5, line 60).

Claim 28 recites, as disclosed by Suzuki:

28. The BIOS of claim 27, wherein the logic configured to control operation of a computer comprises logic configured to increase the speed

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of a fan contained in the computer, reducing one or both of a clock speed of and a voltage provided to a processor contained in the computer, or shut down the computer if the storage device is too hot ('667, fig. 11 and col. 10, line 52).

Claim 29 recites, as disclosed by Suzuki:

29. The method of claim 1, wherein the storage device is one of a floppy drive, an optical drive, or a hard drive ('667, fig. 1, sensor b).

Claim 30 recites, as disclosed by Suzuki:

30. The method of claim 11, wherein the storage device is one of a floppy drive, an optical drive, or a hard drive ('667, fig. 1, sensor b).

Claim 31 recites, as disclosed by Suzuki:

31. The system of claim 16, wherein the storage device is one of a floppy drive, an optical drive, or a hard drive ('667, fig. 1, sensor b).

Claim 32 recites, as disclosed by Suzuki:

32. The system of claim 22, wherein the storage device is one of a floppy drive, an optical drive, or a hard drive ('667, fig. 1, sensor b).

Claim 33 recites, as disclosed by Suzuki:

33. The monitor of claim 26, wherein the storage device is one of a floppy drive, an optical drive, or a hard drive ('667, fig. 1, sensor b).

Claim 34 recites, as disclosed by Suzuki:

34. The BIOS of claim 27, wherein the storage device is one of a floppy drive, an optical drive, or a hard drive ('667, fig. 1, sensor b).

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claim 7 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over U.S.

Patent 6,134,667 to Suzuki et al in view of U.S. Patent 6,415,388 to Browning et al.

The claim recites, as disclosed by Suzuki:

determining the temperature of the storage device ('667, col. 5, line 61);

and

adjusting computer operation so as to reduce the temperature of the storage device if that temperature is deemed to be too high ('667, col. 5, line 60):

wherein adjusting computer operation so as to reduce the temperature of the storage device comprises adjusting the operation of a processor contained within the computer ('667, fig. 9, CPU speed);

However, Suzuki does not disclose reducing voltage to the processor.

The claim further recites, as disclosed by Browning:

wherein adjusting the operation of a processor comprises reducing a voltage provided to the processor ('388, fig. 6, ref. 350).

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Thus, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the voltage reduction of Browning with the invention of Suzuki to allow operation at lower power consumption levels (see '388, col. 4, line 66).

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-34 have been considered but are most in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Stephen J. Cherry whose telephone number is (571) 272-2272. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 8:00-4:30.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, John Barlow can be reached on (571) 272-2269. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

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